

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value		Additi	mber: ion and Statistics raction		Number: Multiplication and Division			Measurement: Perimeter and Area			
Spring	Number: Multiplication and Division				Number: Fractions				Number: Decimals and Percentages		Consolidation	
Summer	Consolidation Number: Decir		mals	Geometry: Properties of Shape			Position	netry: on and ction	Measurement: Converting Units		Measurement: Volume	



Year 5 – Autumn Term						
Number: Place Value	Number: Addition and Subtraction	Statistics	Number: Multiplication and Division	Measurement: Perimeter and Area		
Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit  Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000  Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero  Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000  Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above  Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.	Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers  Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)  Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy  Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.	Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph  Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts  Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000  Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers  Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)  Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes  Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers  Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres  Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes		



Year 5 – Spring Term					
Number: Multiplication and Division	Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals and Percentages			
Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts  Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers  Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context  Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number  Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths  Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 2/5 ]  Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number  Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams	Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places  Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100 ]  Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents  Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place  Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places  Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal  Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½,¼, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25			



Year 5 – Summer Term						
Number: Decimals	Geometry: Properties of Shape	Geometry: Position and Direction	Measurement: Converting Units	Measurement: Volume		
Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths  Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths  Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimal to two decimal places  Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre]	Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations  Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles  Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles  Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles  Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o)  Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°), angles at a point ona straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°), other multiplesof 90°	Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	Convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)  Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints  Solve problems involving converting between units of time	Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]  Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure		