## Holy Family Catholic Primary School, Cronton History Long Term Plan



EYFS	Key Stage 1		Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2		Upper Key Stage 2	
Nursery & Rec	Year 1		Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Nursery & Rec YFS continuous rovision based: tot taught liscretely- taught hrough topics. Growth and Change - RE Enquiry 1: N/Rec How have I thanged since I was a baby? Ninter topic Enquiry 2: Nursery How do the reasons change for cross a year? Reception Why do we wear different clothes at lifferent times of the year?	Year 1 Toys through time (Changes within living memory) What are our toys like today? What are other people's toys like? How can we tell these toys are old? What were our grandparents' toys like and how do we know? Who played with these toys a long time ago? Katherine Johnson Inspire/Aspire	Autumn Term 1	Year 2 The Great Fire of London (Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally) How can we work out why the Great Fire started? What actually happened during the Great Fire and how can we know for sure 350 years later? Why did the Great Fire burn down so many buildings? Could more have been done to stop the Fire? How did people manage to live through the Great Fire? How shall we rebuild London?	Year 3 Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age (Pre-Roman Britain) Was Stone Age man simply a hunter and gatherer, concerned only with survival? How different was life in the Stone Age when man started to farm? What can we learn about life in the Stone Age from a study of Skara Brae? Why is it so difficult to work out why Stonehenge was built? How much did life really change during the Iron Age and how can we possibly know? Can you solve the mystery of the 52 skeletons of Maiden Castle?	Year 4 The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain (Roman Britain) Why on earth did the Romans leave sunny Italy to invade this cold island on the edge of the empire? Why did Boudica stand up to the Romans and what image do we have of her today? How were the Romans able to keep control over such a vast empire? How did the Roman way of life contrast with the Celtic lifestyle they found when they arrived and how do we know? Why did the Roman Empire, which ruled vast lands for over 400 years, suddenly come to an end? How much of our lives today can possibly be influenced by the Romans who lived here 2,000 years ago?	Year 5 Crime & Punishment over 1,000 years (A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066: changes in an aspect of social history) How were criminals punished 800 years ago, and how do we know? What does the legend of Robin Hood tell us about medieval justice? More of the same? How did crimes and punishments change between 1500 and 1750? Why did punishments become so bloody in the 18th century? Why did so much change happen in the 19th century? Has the way we catch and punish criminals improved that much in the last 100 years?	Year 6 Life on the home front in WW2 Why did Britain have to go to war in 1939? Why was it necessary fo children to be evacuated and what was evacuatio really like? How was Britain able to stand firm against the German threat? How did people manage to carry on normal life during the war and how do we know? Why is it so difficult to b sure what life on the Home Front was really like? What was VE day really like? How was our local area impacted by World War and how did it influence the war effort? Judith Kerr Inspire/Aspire



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Diwali, Chinese	History of Nursing	Great Explorers	Ancient Egypt	Britain's settlement	Maya civilization	A significant turning
New Year, Christmas Enquiry 3: N/Rec What are our favourite celebrations each year? Significant people & events -William Shakespeare -Remembrance Day -Tim Peake -Mae Jemison		<ul> <li>(Significant individuals) Christopher Columbus Neil Armstrong Robert Falcon- Scott How did Columbus become famous? Why did Columbus risk his life to explore somewhere no-one alive had ever seen? Did everyone think that Columbus was a hero? How have opinions of Columbus changed in the light of new evidence?</li> <li>Why do you think Captain Scott is so famous today? How did Scott manage to get to the South Pole and what happened when he got there? How would Scott have felt when he arrived at the South Pole after Amundsen and how do we know? Has man ever been to the moon and how can we know for sure? What did the astronauts do when they got to the moon and how do we know? How and why should we remember these explorers?</li> </ul>	(Ancient Civilisations) What can we quickly find out to add to what we already know about Ancient Egypt? How can we discover what Ancient Egypt was like over 5,000 years ago? What sources of evidence have survived and how were they discovered? What does the evidence tells us about everyday life for men, women and children? What did the Ancient Egyptians believe about life after death and how do we know? What did Ancient Egypt have in common with other civilizations from that time?	by Anglo-Saxons and Scots (Anglo-Saxons & Scots) Why did the Anglo- Saxons invade and how can we possibly know where they settled? What does the mystery of the empty grave tell us about Saxon Britain? How did people's lives change when Christianity came to Britain and how can we be sure? How were the Saxons able the see off the Viking threat? (790- 1066) Just how great was King Alfred, really? Just how effective was Saxon justice?	c. AD 900 (Non-European Study) Why do you think we study the Mayan empire in school? When the area they lived in was mainly jungle how on earth were the Maya able to grow so strong? What was life like at the height of the Mayan civilization? How can we possibly know what it was like there 1,000 years ago? If the Maya were so civilized, why then did they believe in human sacrifice? How can we solve the riddle of why the Mayan empire ended so quickly?	point in British history- The international slave trade (Extended chronological study) What is the slavery triangle? How did Liverpool profit from the slave trade? What were the conditions like aboard merchant ships? Who contributed to th transatlantic slave trade? Who was Olaudah Equiano and why was he significant to the abolition of the slave trade? How is our society different today from when slavery existed?



Year 1		Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Going to the Seaside		Spreading the word:	How the Victorians	Viking and Anglo-	Greek life and	Black & British
(Changes within living	5	Caxton to Bell	shaped our world &	Saxon struggle for	achievements and	(Extended
memory)		(Significant individuals	The Industrial	the Kingdom of	their influence on the	chronological study:
What was going to the seaside like 100		in the past who have	Revolution and the	England to the time	western world	changes in attitudes
years ago?		contributed to national	British Empire	of Edward the	(Ancient Greece)	and turning points)
What kind of things		and international	(Extended	Confessor	How can we possibly	How shall we tell the
did people do at the		achievements; compare	chronological study:	(Anglo-Saxons &	know so much about the	story of the first Black
seaside 100 years		aspects of life in	Changes in an aspect	Vikings)	Ancient Greeks who lived	people in Britain?
ago?		different periods)	of social history)	What image do we	over 2,500 years ago?	What does the evidence
How do we know		What did Caxton do that	What were the main	have of the Vikings?	What can we work out	tell us about the role of
what holidays were		was so important to us	changes that took place	Why have the Vikings	about everyday life in	Black people in Tudor
like 100 years ago?		today?	during this time and who	gained such a bad	Ancient Athens from the pottery evidence that	society? What difference did the
Do we go to the same		How did Caxton help to	were the most important	5	remains?	slave trade make to the
reasons that people	m	change the way books	people responsible?	reputation?	Why was Athens able to	experiences of Black
went 100 years ago?	Term	were made?	Why is it so difficult to	How did the Vikings	be so strong at this time?	people in Britain?
Do all children like	Te	How and why should	find out what factory	try to take over the	What was so special	When Black people
seaside holidays 100		Caxton be remembered?	conditions were really like?	country and how	about life in 5th Century	rushed to enlist, why has
years ago or would	Ĕ	How did Bell manage to	like? If life was so hard for	close did they get?	BC Athens that makes us	Black people's role in
some prefer today's	Summer	make a telephone work	families in the towns, why	How have recent	study it?	WWI & WWII rarely been
seaside holidays?	Š	so long ago? Why did he	did so many leave the	excavations changed	What can we tell about	celebrated? From Windrush to Notting
How have seaside		want to?	countryside and move to	our view of the	the Ancient Greeks from their interest in the	Hill: what was the
holidays changed		Why was Bell's invention	the towns in Victorian	Vikings? (Jorvik focus)	theatre and festivals like	experience of the first
over time?		so important then and	times?	What can we learn	the Olympics?	post-war Black
Local history of		now?	What the Dickens was life	about Viking	the orympics.	immigrants?
Cronton - exploring			like in Victorian cities?	settlement from a	The legacy of Greek	How far has life improved
the locality		How has the telephone	What were the main	study of place-name	culture (art, architecture	for Black people living in
What locations have		improved since the days	changes in transport and	endings?	or literature) on later	Britain in the last 60
historical significance		of Bell?	what effects did they have on the lives of rich	Raiders or settlers:	periods in British history,	years?
in Cronton?			and poor?	how should we	including the present day	
Why are these areas			Widnes and the Industrial	remember the	(Extended chronological	Jesse Owens
of Cronton so			Revolution. What was the		study) In what ways have the	Inspire/Aspire
important?			impact of the Industrial	Vikings?	Ancient Greeks influenced	
			Revolution on our local		our lives today?	
			area?		caco today.	